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PROBLEMS FOR THE PRINTER

One of the disconcerting problems that confronts the printer, and any other important user of paper stock, is the continued and regular advance in prices that are forwarded us by the leading wholesale houses of the coast and other parts of the country.

These advances during the past six months or so have been so extensive that many small offices in the large cities have been compelled to quit altogether, simply because of the fact that they were unable to get a fair price on their printing product from their customers, the matter being a hard one to explain.

Printing inks have also soared out of sight; particularly the bright colored lines, some advancing as much as 1500 percent, while others cannot be had at any price. The cost of labor in the printing trades has also advanced, which makes an unparalleled situation in the printing business and compels an increase in job printing to meet conditions.

A circular issued recently by one of the Los Angeles paper houses reviews the situation insofar as the paper market is concerned:

"That there is a world-wide shortage of the finished product, due to the withdrawal of the supply from European countries now at war.

"That there is an increased demand, resulting from actual greater consumption, and from protective and speculative buying.

"That there is an actual shortage of pulp, rags, paper stock, chemicals, dyes, etc., resulting from the mill inability to run full capacity.

"That the short supply of paper, greater demand, scarcity and high cost of raw materials, and increased labor costs have resulted in much higher prices.

"That a normal market cannot prevail until present conditions are changed by the cessation of war; by a greater supply of raw material and by a diminishing demand for paper.

"As the prices of paper are dependent upon the supply and demand, the probability of a change either for both is contingent upon the following:

"So long as the war continues, the finished papers from Europe are practically withdrawn from the market, and those countries are practically withdrawn from the market, and those countries formerly supplied by them will naturally seek their supply from the United States; consequently the demand for American papers will continue and probably increase.

This country cannot make enough paper even running at full capacity to supply the shortage. At present some mills are compelled to shut down because raw stock cannot be secured; therefore the supply will be insufficient.

"The foregoing relates to paper generally, but considering specifically the manufacture of colored papers a more serious problem is confronted. It is generally believed that dyestuffs cannot be manufactured in this country. This is not a fact, as at the present time there are plants manufacturing aniline dyes—as good a product as has heretofore been imported from Germany. This country is producing approximately 30 per cent of its dyestuff requirements, but this is principally black, which is used in the manufacture of paper to a comparatively small degree.

"At the beginning of the European war the principal aniline concern in the country immediately largely increased its facilities. Contracts were accepted covering a period of two years at a price that was considered by manufacturers as fair, but since the purchase of war munitions became general throughout the country, the cost of practically all of the products used in the manufacture of aniline dye mounted sky high, until the unheard-of advances of various materials compelled the manufacturers to increase their price."

The prevailing high metal prices has, naturally, caused a big advance in the cost of type, linotype metal and practically everything which enters into the making of a newspaper

and the operation of a printing plant in general.

From present indications there is no immediate prospect for anything but a continuance of these abnormal times for sometime to come.

HE DOESN'T LIKE IT

A Carson City politician remarked the other day: "I wish the fellow who framed the new primary law and got it through the legislature was in hades." We can guess who said this; but we are not going to call names. The new primary law was not framed to satisfy some of the professional politicians. The real object was to do away with the old cumbersome system and to cut down the unnecessary expense which has been borne by taxpayers heretofore. The new law will save Lincoln county at least \$2,000 in election expense this year.

Meanwhile the author of the primary law will be found here in Pioche. Call around and see us when you come to town, Mr. Dissatisfied Man.

Judge Norcross, candidate for U. S. senator, will be an interested spectator at the Republican national convention.

Hist! The Pioche base ball boys have come to life.

And a week from now we will know what Teddy did at Chicago.

There will be something doing in Chicago next week.

MINES AND MINING

Electrical machinery will soon be installed at the Lehi-Tintic in North Flitche.

The total value of the silver, copper, lead and zinc mined in the central states increased from \$55,171,306 in 1914, to \$121,283,262 in 1915, or about 120 per cent.

Tungsten discoveries at Cherry Creek, Nevada, fifty miles north of Ely, are bringing that old-time camp into prominence once more in the mining world.

The fundamental reason why silver is advancing is because Europe is today on a paper basis, says James J. Phelan, writing on the silver situation in the Boston News Bureau.

One of the largest bodies of ore ever opened in the state is being developed by the Rochester Merger Mines company at Rochester, Nev., according to latest reports from the mine.

Shipments of first-class crude ore and concentrates from the mills of Park City last week totaled 2,054 tons, estimated at \$80,000. This is compared with 1,533 tons the previous week, valued at \$60,000.

Shipments from Tintic last week broke all production records in more than two years. The output was 242 carloads, estimated at 12,100 tons, valued at \$300,000. This is compared with 222 cars the previous week.

Nearly 11,000,000 pounds of copper came down from Alaska during the short month of February, this being the largest total for any single month up to that time, and comparing with 3,678,880 pounds in February, 1915.

Under the energetic new management with its increased quota of miners, the Cedar-Talisman is beginning to make good recent promises that the production could and would be materially increased in a short time.

United States Smelting earned for the first four months of this year close to \$4,000,000, April showing well over \$1,200,000. Partially estimating May and June, net profits for the first half year are expected to touch \$7,000,000.

The production of silver in the central states is always relatively unimportant. The output in 1915 amounted to 647,553 ounces, valued at \$328,369, of which 585,933 ounces were derived from copper mines in Michigan.

A report from Park City is that the ore in the new strike at the Quincy tested out carried \$35 to \$40 a ton, mainly in silver and lead. One report is that the ore shows ten feet and no wall; another that it has been opened eighteen feet.

During the past four weeks the camp of Tintic has shipped a total of 864 carloads of ore. This is estimated at 43,200 tons, valued at more than \$1,000,000. It is one of the heaviest production months in the recent history of the camp.

Late reports from the old Day-Bristol mine near Pioche, Nev., which is now being operated by the Nevada Copper company, are that the production is being maintained, and that it will be increased just as soon as more miners can be hired.

Coal mines in the Hiawatha, Morland and Black Hawk districts in Utah have been operating at least three days each week to enable coal miners to earn a livelihood, reports J. E. Pettit, state coal mine inspector, who has returned from a tour of Carbon and Emery counties.

Shipments from the tungsten mine on Patterson creek in Idaho during the month of April gave gross returns of over \$40,000. About one hundred sacks of concentrates, averaging 65 per cent pure tungsten, were shipped. Sixty per cent ore is worth about \$4.50 per pound.

NORTHWEST NOTES

Orlando F. Jenks died at Reno as the result of a fractured skull sustained in an automobile accident.

The commissioners have let a contract for street lights at Lovelock, Nevada. The Women's Civic Improvement club was instrumental in starting the work.

A Commercial club has been organized at Midas, Nevada. The club has twenty-five members, with the prospect of the number being doubled in the near future.

Montana and Idaho will send approximately 2,000 recruits to the citizens' military training camp at Fort Douglas, Utah, this summer, if the enthusiasm now prevailing is sustained.

A concentrating plant of 100 tons daily capacity is to be erected on a small hill about a quarter of a mile back of the hotel at Sodaville, Nevada, and grading for this is now about complete.

The San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad is to be renamed in honor of one of the two most important cities on the line. By the management it has been officially designated as the "Salt Lake Route."

William F. Chapman, who was a familiar figure in all of the lumber camps of Nevada in the past forty years, died in Reno last week. He was a contracting teamster and worked in nearly all the camps of the state.

Eddie Duffy of Brooklyn and Perry Lewis, the fighting Italian of Denver, went ten rounds to a draw at Ely, Nevada. The fight was one of the most vicious ever witnessed between two men in the welterweight division.

Edmund K. Stallo and Nash Rockwood of New York City and Alfred Frank of Salt Lake City, prominent capitalists, are in Tuscarora, Nevada, and propose to erect a large plant to treat the old dumps and to open up a number of old mines.

An illness of some duration ended in the death of Catherine Barrett, a pioneer resident of Nevada. Mrs. Barrett came to Nevada forty years ago with her husband, residing the greater part of the time at Empire. The last few years of her life were spent in Reno.

Prohibitionists of Oregon have put out a ticket which includes Oswald West, Democrat, of Portland, as candidate for representative in congress from the Third district, and Mark Weatherford of Albany, Democrat, as candidate for representative from the First district.

Two Chinese girls, both just 21 years old, daughters of a wealthy Chinese widow of Helena, Mont., are now full fledged citizens. They were registered last week as voters, being the first Chinese women in Montana to attain the right of suffrage. They were both born in Helena.

From five to seven years in the penitentiary is the sentence inflicted on Joseph Sanchez, a ranchman near Sundance, Wyo., who confessed to an attack on his 13-year-old sister-in-law when his wife left the child at his home to prepare dinner while she went to town for supplies.

Paul Clenchar is in the state hospital at Cheyenne with a bullet in his brain; P. Kranszki, 7 years of age, has a serious wound through the hips, and Peter Rochi is in the county jail at Green River as the result of an affray at the Kranszki home near Superior during a christening party.

Claude and Roy Bird, two brothers accused of wantonly destroying elk in the mountains in Wyoming for their teeth, have received penitentiary sentences. Roy had pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a year. Claude had been convicted by a jury and was sentenced to a year and a half.

The Manufacturers' Association of Utah has hit upon a new scheme for bringing its members to the regular monthly membership meetings. It invites the wives of the members, as well as the members themselves, and sends them regular notices and holds out inducements in the way of entertainment features.

Miss Jane Barrett, Salt Lake's police-woman, is working zealously toward the enforcement of the ordinance which provides that it is unlawful for minors under the age of 18 years to be on the streets or in any public building, unaccompanied by parents, between the hours of 9 o'clock at night and 4 o'clock in the morning.

BACK GIVES OUT

Plenty of Pioche Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys—overwork them—They can't keep up the continual strain.

The back may give out—it may ache and pain; Urinary troubles may set in. Don't wait longer—take Doan's Kidney Pills.

Residents of this vicinity endorse them. Can Pioche people doubt the following evidence?

A. L. Wagoner, barber, Winnemucca, Nev., says: "At times my back was lame and painful and the simplest move was distressing. I often got dizzy and could see specks floating before me. My health was all run down and I knew that my kidneys were at fault. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me immediately and since then, I have been free from kidney ailments."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Wagoner had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. Advt.

G. W. RICHARD

..General Merchandise..

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Two Doors Above P. O. IS NOW OPEN

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No coal, wood or ashes to lug—no waiting for the fire to burn up. Better cooking because of the steady, evenly-distributed heat, under perfect control. All heat concentrated on the cooking and not radiated around the room. The long, blue chimneys prevent all smoke and smell.

Bakes, boils, roasts, toasts. More efficient than your wood or coal stove and costs less to operate.

ASK YOUR DEALER TODAY. STANDARD OIL COMPANY (California)

For Best Results Use Pearl Oil

Better cooking and a cleaner, cooler kitchen. Now serving 2,000,000 homes

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FOR SALE AT ALL DRUG STORES

Got Rid of My Corns With Magic "Gets-It"

Simplest Corn Cure in the World—No Pain, No Fuss. New, Sure Way.

When corns make you almost "die with your boots on," when you've soaked them and picked them and sliced them, when corn-swelling



Why Have Corns At All When "Gets-It" Removes Them the New, Dead-Sure Way?

salves, and tapes, bandages, and plasters that make corns pop-eyed have only made your corns grow faster. Just hold your heart a moment and figure this: Put two drops of "Gets-It" on the corn. It dries at once. You can put your shoe and stocking on right over it. The corn is doomed. It makes the corn come off clear and clean. It's the new, easy way. Nothing to stick or press on the corn. You can wear smaller shoes. You'll be a joy-walker. No pain, no trouble. Accept no substitutes. "Gets-It" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

OFFICE ROOMS FOR RENT

I will have a number of office rooms for rent on the second floor of my new building, next to the postoffice. Call in and see about them. MRS. C. BUCK. Advt.

PUREST OF CHEWS IS "PENN'S THICK"

Perfect Plugs Produced by the Most Wholesome Methods

ITS NATURAL FLAVOR A DELIGHT

There's more genuine tobacco enjoyment in a rich, mellow, juicy chew of high-grade plug than in any other form of tobacco.

And there's no plug that is so delicious and appetizing as Penn's Thick. It has the fresh, sweet, natural taste that Nature gives the tobacco leaf. You get real tobacco flavor in Penn's Thick, and you get it pure.

From the time the ripe white Burley leaf reaches our factory, until it goes out to gladden your taste with its rich, natural flavor in golden-brown plugs of Penn's Thick it is kept pure by the most modern methods ever applied to the making of chewing tobacco.

No factory could possibly be cleaner or more sanitary than the great, new factory in which Penn's Thick is made.

For a good chew, get a plug of Penn's Thick.

Penn's is guaranteed to be the best Natural Leaf Tobacco made. Any dissatisfied customer can return it to any merchant, whom we hereby authorize to refund the money. In 10c cuts.

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FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 23, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock., I. O. O. F., Building, Main Street. Visiting brothers are invited. A. L. Stewart, Noble Grand; A. A. Carman, Secretary.

MIRIAM REBEKAH LODGE NO. 29, Pioche, Nevada. Meets on every Thursday at 7:30 o'clock P. M., at I. O. O. F. Hall. All visiting brothers and sisters are cordially invited to attend. Mrs. Hattie Walker, Noble Grand; Mrs. Jessie Ewing, Secretary.

ST. JOHN LODGE NO. 18, F. & A. M. Meets at Masonic Hall, Lacour Street, on the 2nd Monday of every month at eight o'clock P. M. Elias Kahn, Worshipful Master; L. H. Beason, Secretary.

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Office in Masonic Building, Lacour Street, Pioche, Nevada

FORFEITURE NOTICE

TO H. R. (ROY) FRAZEE: YOU are hereby notified that we have expended during the year 1915 one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the NORTH STAR lode mining claim, situated about 1-4 mile Northerly from the Mendha, in Highland Mining District, County of Lincoln, State of Nevada, the location certificate of which is found of record in book "E-1" of Mining Notices at page 394, in the office of the Recorder of said county, in order to hold said claim under the provisions of section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States and the amendment thereto approved January 22, 1880, concerning the annual labor upon mining claims being the amount required to hold said lode for the period ending on the 31 day of December, 1915. And I, within ninety days from the personal service of this notice, or within ninety days after the publication thereof, you fail or refuse to contribute your portion of such expenditure as a co-owner, which amounts to twenty-five dollars, your interest in the claim will become the property of the subscribers, your co-owners, who have made the required expenditure, by the terms of said section. Dated—Pioche, Nevada, March 9, 1916 JOHN LEWIS WILLARD, IVIE SAM IVIE.

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To the Public

"I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Riley, Illion, N. Y. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere. Advt.

Any kind of Job Printing neatly done. See the Record about it.